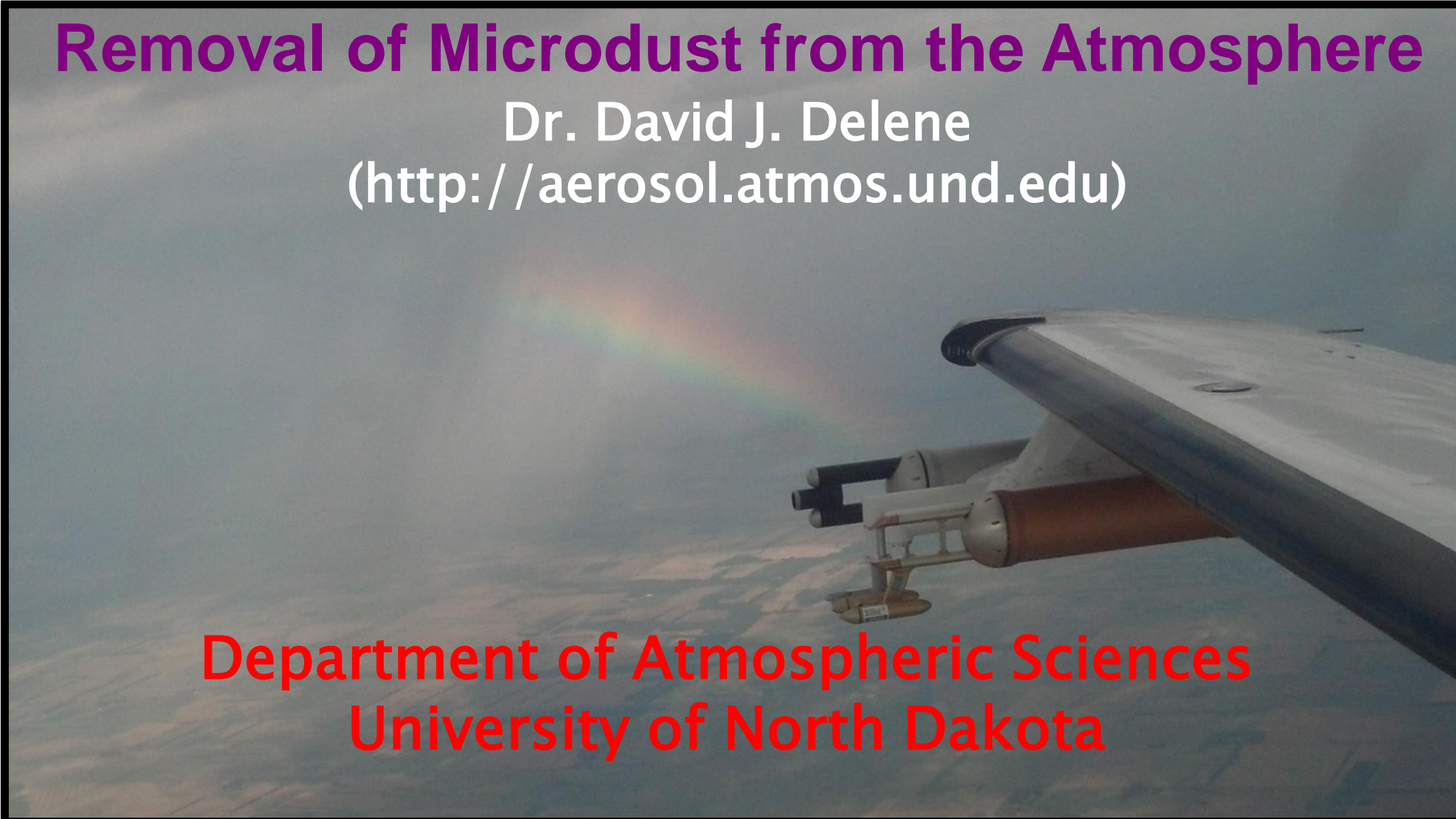


# Removal of Microdust from the Atmosphere

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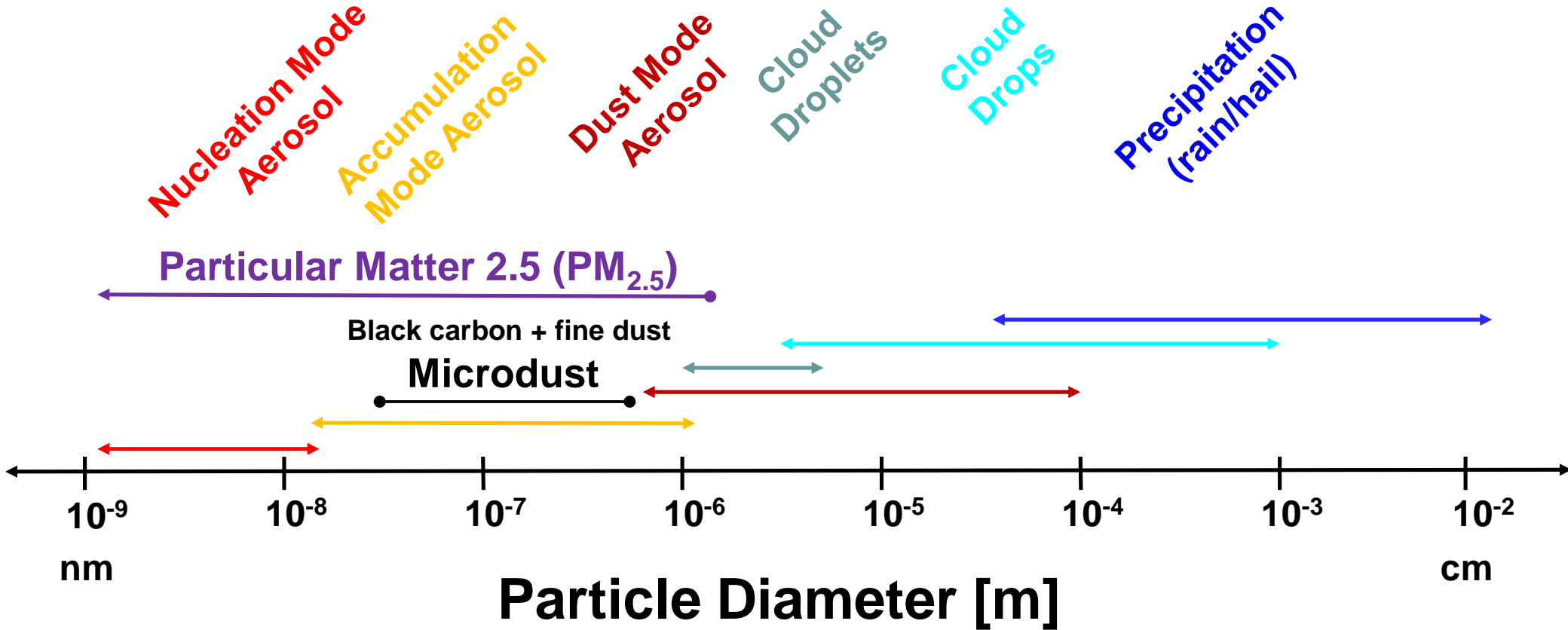


# Improve Air Quality for South Korea

- Review our knowledge of microdust, clouds, and precipitation.
- Define how microdust affects precipitation development and how cloud seeding can mitigate high levels of pollution.
- Measurements allow construction of a model of how effective microdust is removed with cloud seeding in South Korea.



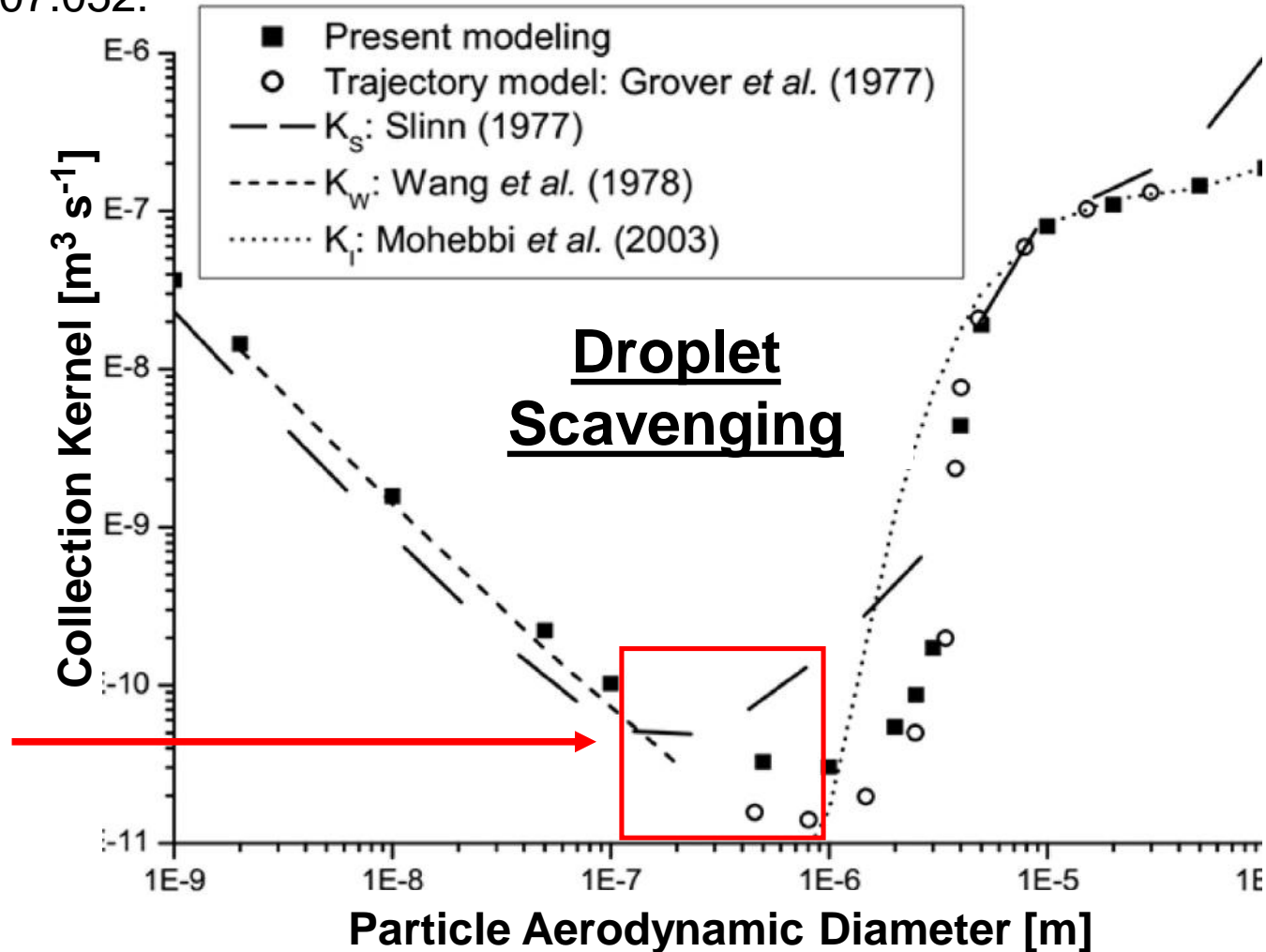
# Classification of Particles



Precipitation and atmospheric mixing reduces particles ( $PM_{2.5}$ ).

Cherrier, G., E. Belut, F. Gerardin, A. Tanière, and N. Rimbert, 2017: Aerosol particles scavenging by a droplet: Microphysical modeling in the Greenfield gap. *Atmospheric Environment*, 166, 519–530, doi:10.1016/j.atmosenv.2017.07.052.

- Modeling of droplet scavenging (removal) of aerosols.
- Fig. 6 – Collection kernel values at  $Re_d = 30$  and  $H = 0$  as a function of particle aerodynamic diameter. Here  $K_w = K_B$  because of the null value of  $H$ .
- **Microdust of 0.1 to 1  $\mu\text{m}$  in diameter are not removed as effectively as larger or smaller sized particles.**

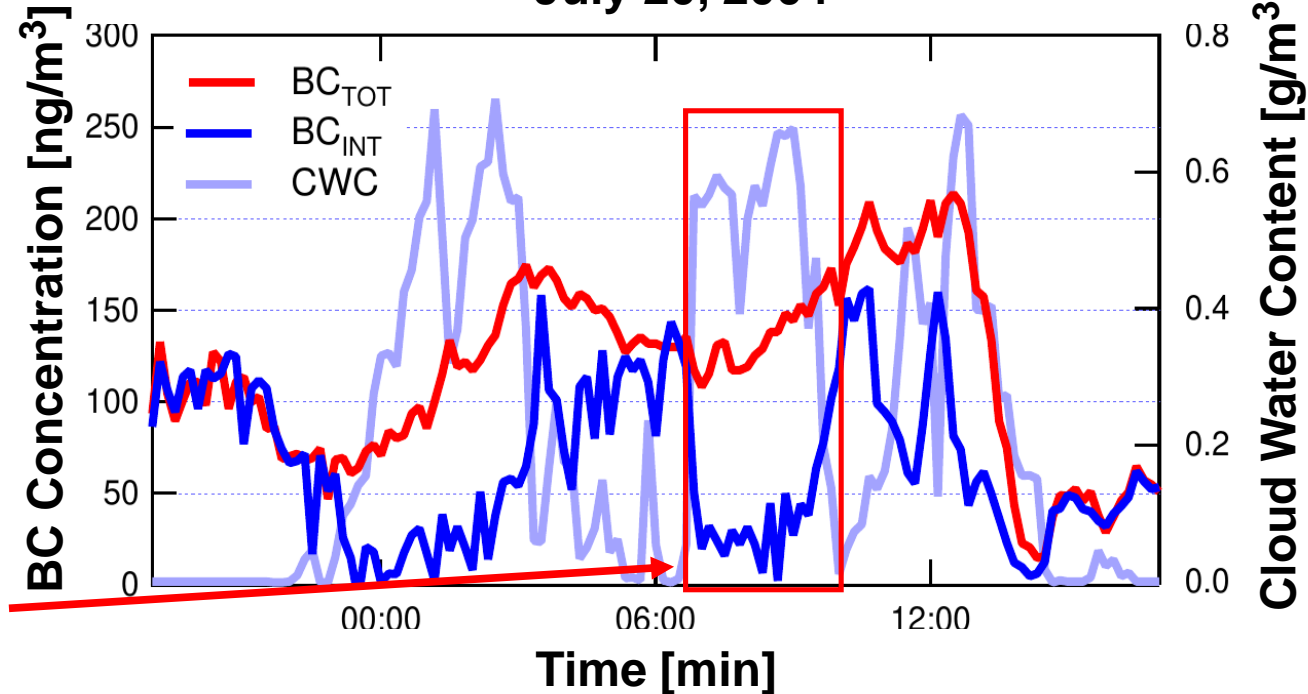


Cozic, J., B. Verheggen, S. Mertes, P. Connolly, K. Bower, A. Petzold, U. Baltensperger, and E. Weingartner, 2007: Scavenging of black carbon in mixed phase clouds at the high alpine site Jungfraujoch. *Atmos. Chem. Phys.*, 7, 1797–1807, doi:10.5194/acp-7-1797-2007.

- Black carbon (BC) microdust is scavenged (removed) as effectively as other microdust, which indicates that black carbon microdust is covered with soluble material.
- Fig. 2 – Temporal evolution of the total and interstitial black carbon concentrations along with the temporal evolution of the cloud water content (CWC) for a liquid cloud (i.e., no ice phase).
- **Microdust, including Black Carbon (pollution), is incorporated into cloud droplets.**

## Black Carbon Removal

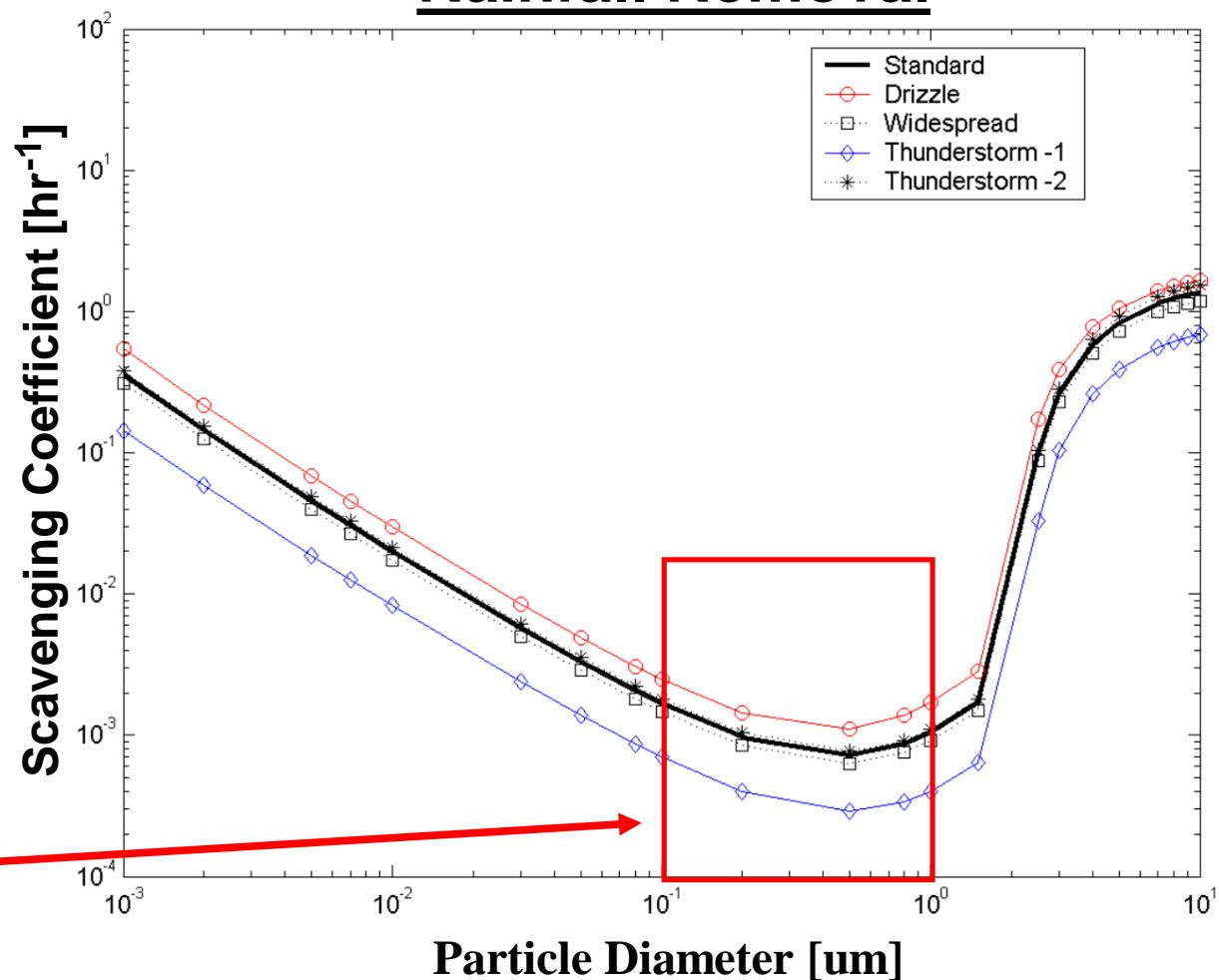
July 20, 2004



Andronache, C.: Estimated variability of below-cloud aerosol removal by rainfall for observed aerosol size distributions, Atmos. Chem. Phys., 3, 131-143, <https://doi.org/10.5194/acp-3-131-2003>, 2003.

- Below-cloud scavenging (removal) of microdust by rainfall increases with rainfall rate but low (0.1 mm/hr) rates still removes microdust (Figure 2b).
- Fig. 3B – Scavenging coefficient  $L(dp)$  versus aerosol diameter for the same raindrop size distributions. The plots are for rain rate of (R) of  $1 \text{ mm hr}^{-1}$ .
- Microdust of 0.1 to 1.0  $\mu\text{m}$  in diameter are not removed by rainfall as effectively as larger or smaller sized particles.**

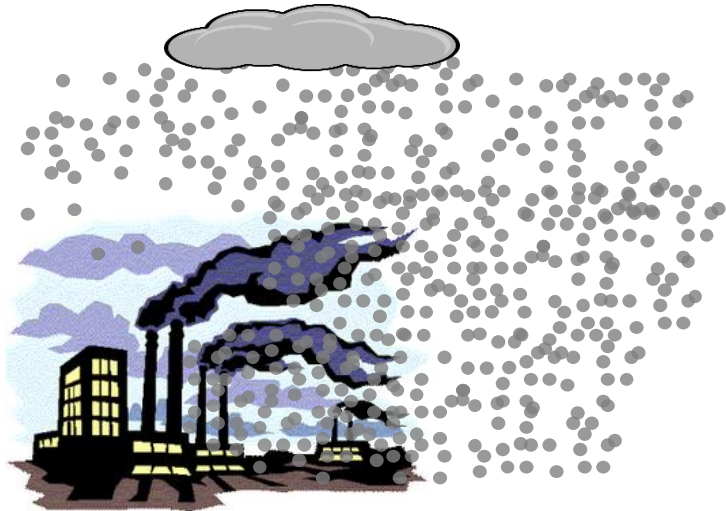
## Rainfall Removal



# Microdust/PM<sub>2.5</sub> Levels

## Low Precipitation

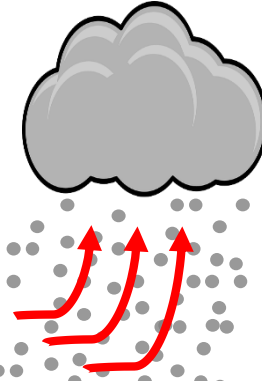
Temperature Inversion  
(Traps Pollution)



High Microdust

## High Precipitation

Activation



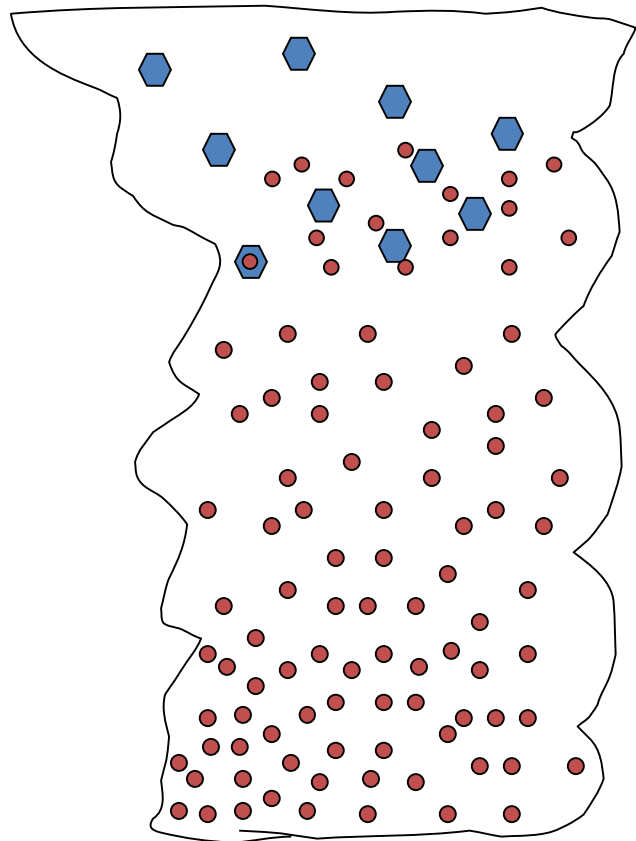
Scavenging



Mixing

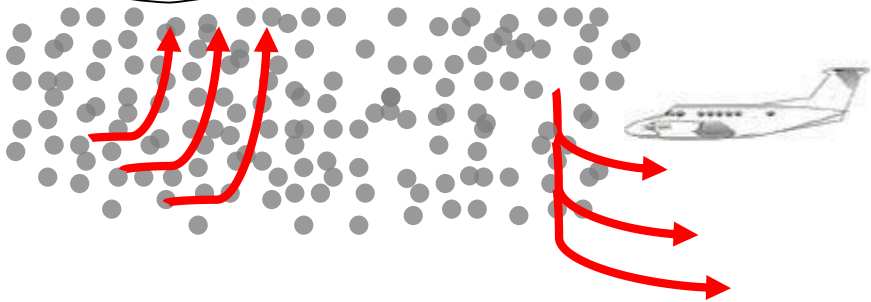
Low Microdust

# Evaluating the Removal of Microdust



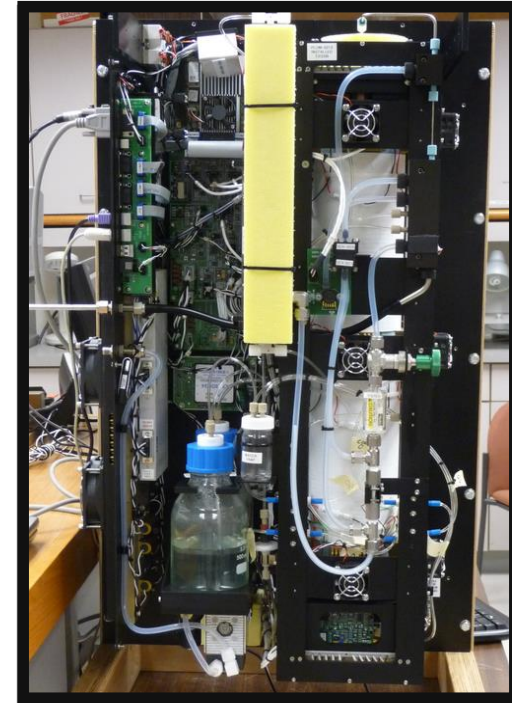
**$\Delta$  CCN and/or  $\Delta$  IN  $\rightarrow$   $\uparrow$  Precipitation  $\rightarrow$   $\downarrow$  Microdust**

- Comparison of the activated microdust in seeded clouds to that of unseeded clouds.
- Comparison of microdust at cloud base prior to precipitation to after precipitation.
- Compare microdust upwind and downwind of precipitating clouds.

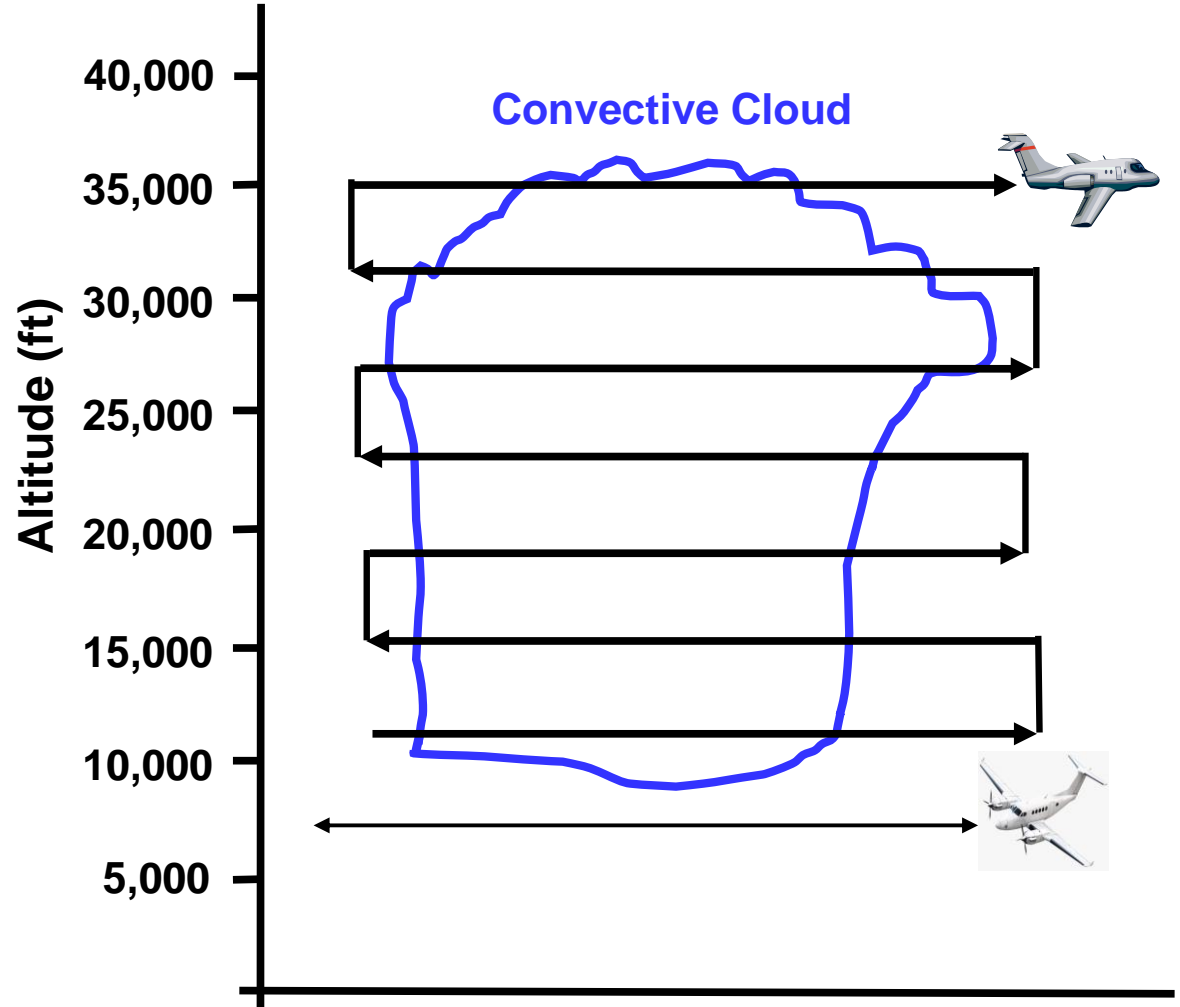


# Korean Specific Measurements Required

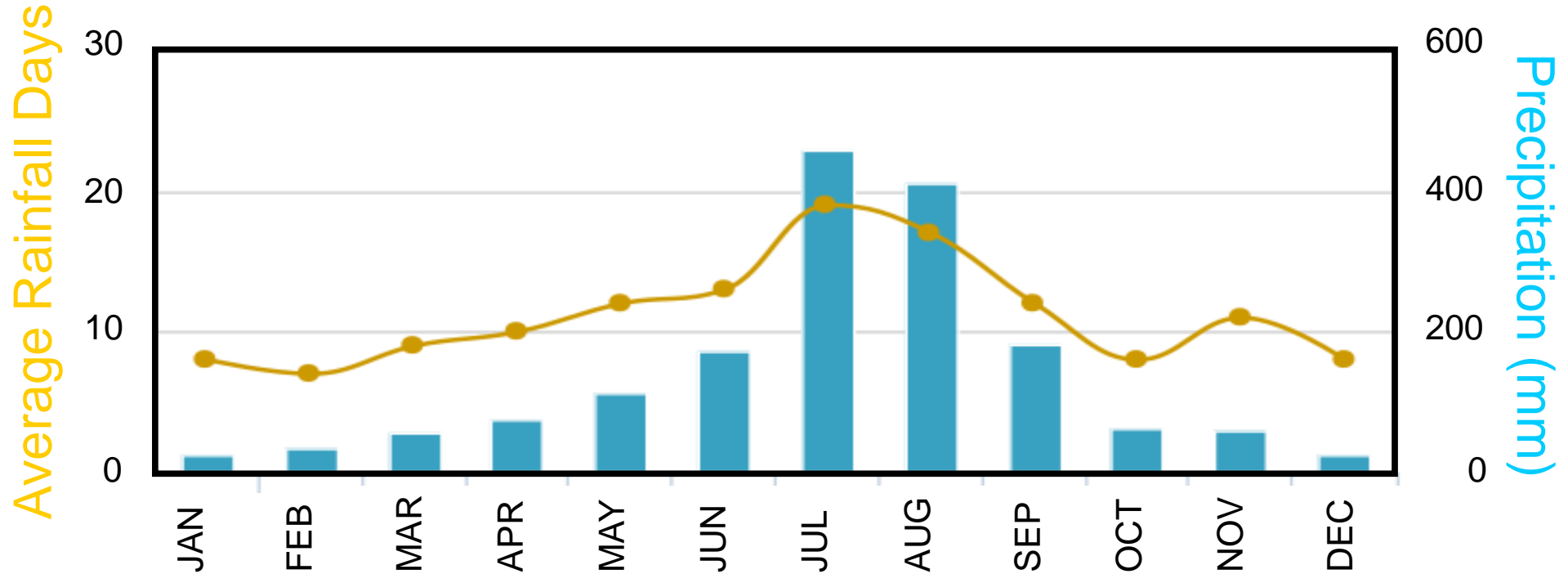
- The concentration of aerosols (cloud condensation nuclei and microdust) related to clouds and precipitation development on the Korean Peninsula.
- Microdust impact on the ability of clouds to produce large drops and ice particles.
- Microdust impact on the temperature of ice formation in seeded and un-seeded clouds.
- What are the commonalities and differences between urban and rural clouds?



# Aircraft Observations



# Seoul Average Rainfall (mm)



**Late Spring (May/June) and Early Fall (Sep/Oct)**  
**Important Time Periods for Field Measurements.**

# Summary

- Proven Science, Technology, Equipment, and Operators
- Cloud Seeding Increases Precipitation and Air Mixing
- Precipitation and Air Mixing Reduces Microdust

## **Cloud Seeding Increases Precipitation/Reduces Microdust**

- Multiple Additional Benefits
  - Enhance Understanding of the Microdust Origin, Development, and Evolution

