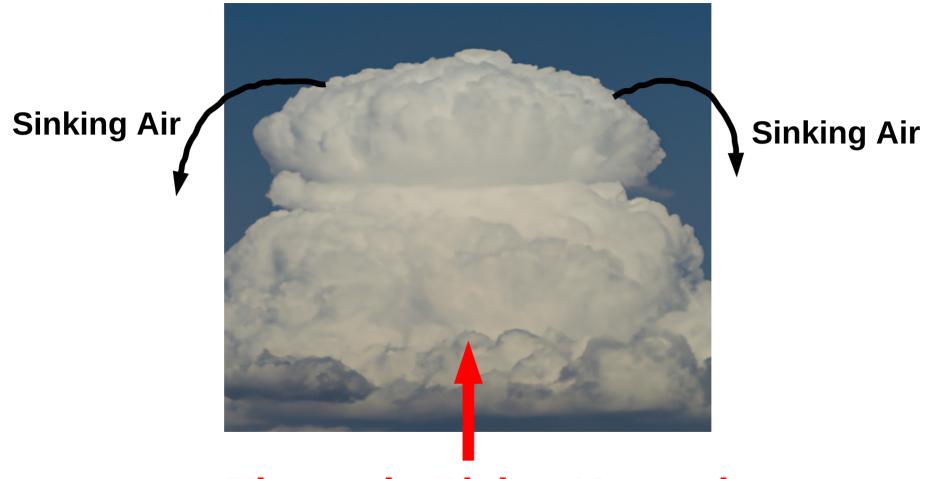
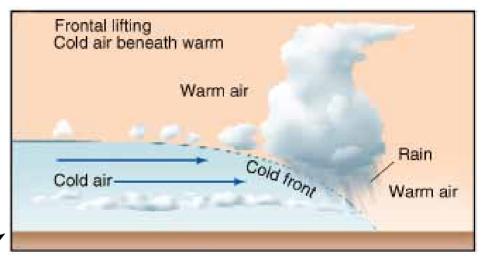
Cloud Dynamics

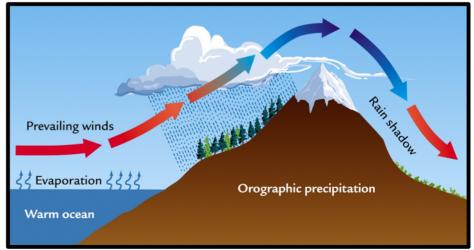


Thermals Rising Upward

Cloud Formation Processes

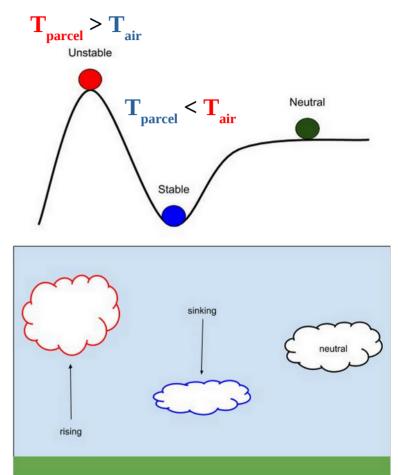
- Rising Air Due to:
 - Synoptic Lifting
 - (Low Pressure)
 - Mesoscale Lifting
 - (Jet Streaks)
 - Thermals
 - Fronts
 - Terrain





Atmospheric Stability and Vertical Motion

- Stability: Resistance of the atmosphere to vertical motion.
- Air motions are governed by atmospheric stability.
 - Unstable: Rapid Vertical Motion
 - Stable: Limited Vertical Motion
 - Neutral: No Change



How does the parcel and air temperature (T) compare for neutral stability?

Effects of Latent Heating on Vertical Motion

- Condensation and freezing release latent heat.
 - Cloud Air Warms Slightly
 - Warming Produces Buoyancy
 - Buoyancy Causes the Air

to Rise

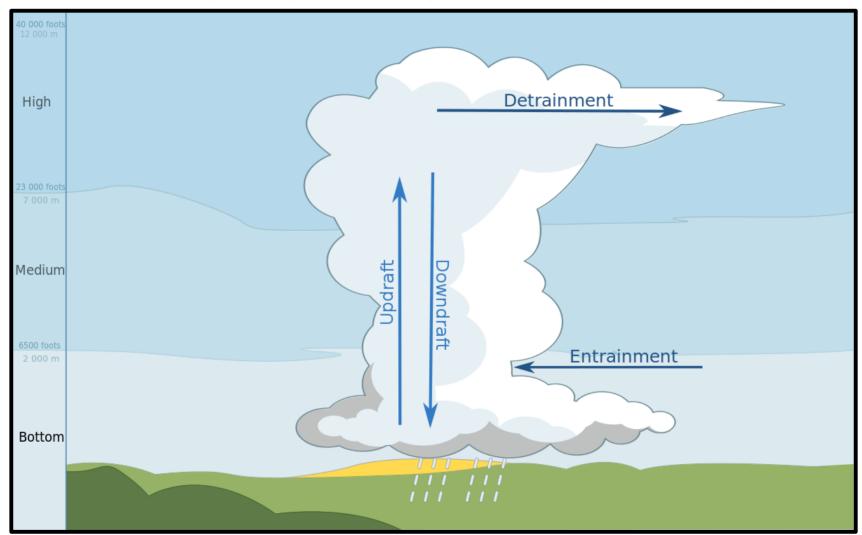




Cloud Entrainment and Detrainment

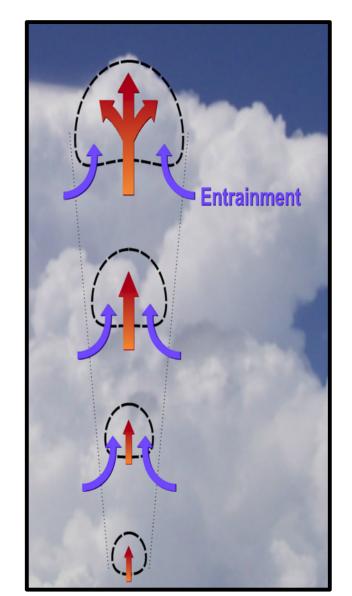
- Air within the cloud mixes with air around the cloud because of turbulent air motions due to the cloud air going up through the environment.
 - Entrainment is outside air entering the cloud.
 - Detrainment is cloudy air leaving the cloud.
- Cloud air is saturated, surrounding air is unsaturated.
- Mixed air is unsaturated, so cloud particles evaporate.

Entrainment and Detrainment Location



Effects of Cloud Entrainment

- Mixing at the cloud boundary results in evaporation, which is a cooling process.
- Cooling increases air density, causing it to sink.
- The sinking offsets some of the cloud rising motion.
- Dryer air works its way toward the interior of the cloud and will eventually stop the updraft.



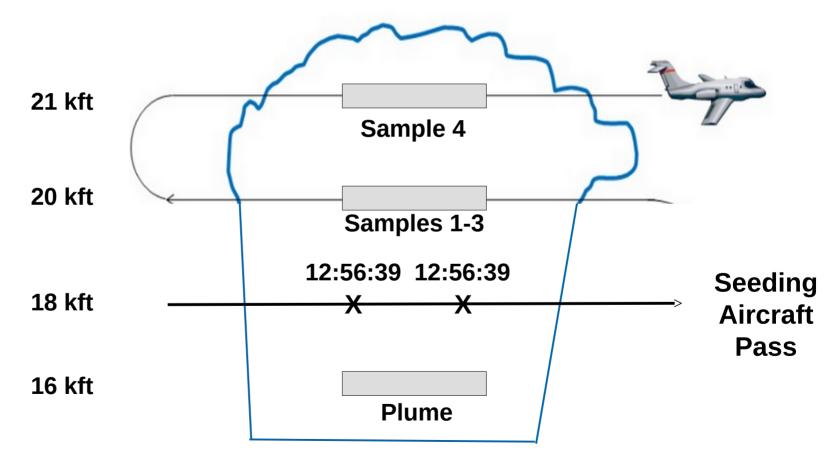
Precipitation Loading of Clouds

- Precipitation loading refers to the effect of condensed water in the updraft.
- Cloud particles are pulled downward by gravity.
- Particles have increasing drag as they grow.
- Combined drag of all particles slows the upward moving air in the cloud ("updraft") and reverses the flow from upward to downward ("downdraft").

Downdraft Effects on Clouds

- As downdraft air moves through sub-saturated air more evaporation cooling occurs.
- Cooling causes the air to accelerate downward.
- Downdraft spreads out horizontally as it nears the ground.
- Leading edge of spreading air ("gust front") lifts air ahead of it, which may cause new clouds to form.

Sampling Seeded Plumes: Saudi 2023/2024 31 March 2024



MedEd Convection Module

- <u>Principles of Convection I: Buoyancy and CAPE</u> (http://www.meted.ucar.edu/mesoprim/cape/)
- Likely need to create account using University email address.