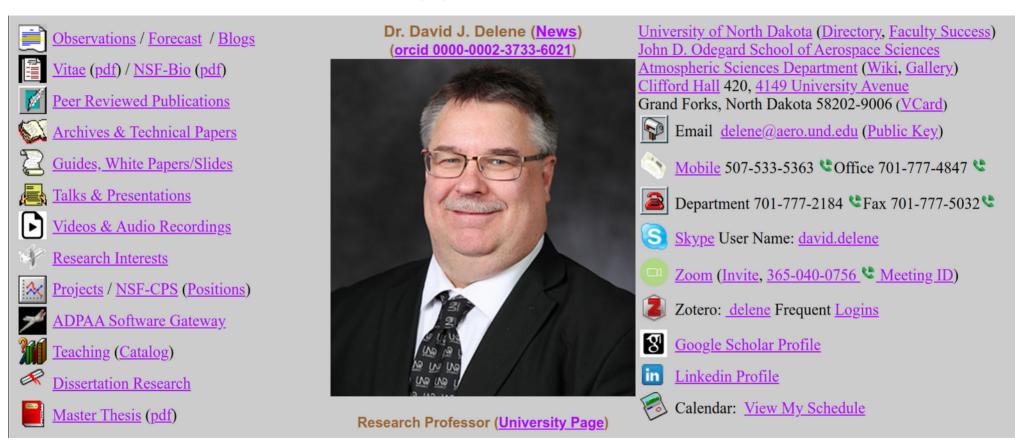
## **Overview of Weather Modification**



#### Dr. David J. Delene, Research Professor

Atmospheric Sciences Department, University of North Dakota

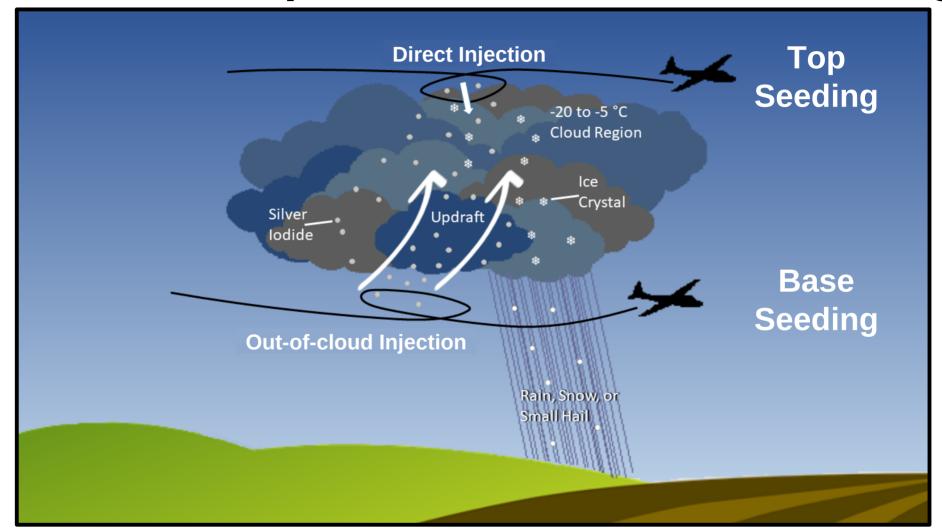
## Start of Weather Modification Research

- Experiments during World War II built on aircraft icing work at General Electric.
- Aircraft icing experiments directed by Irving Langmuir.
- Additional group involved
  Vincent Schaefer and Bernard
  Vonnegut.

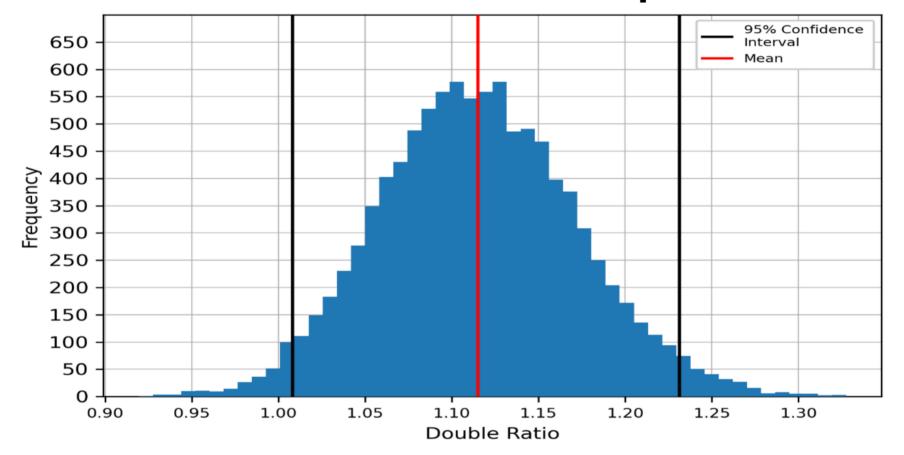


Wilson Hunter, the Head of the Icing Research Section is shown demonstrating the dangerous icing of the propellers of a P-39 after a wind tunnel test. General Arnold (left) and George Lewis (far left).

# **Basic Conceptual Model of Cloud Seeding**



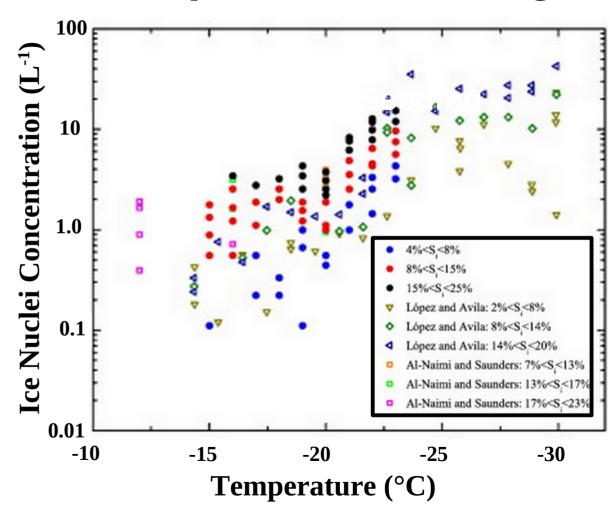
## Statistical Evaluation: 5-15% Precipitation Increase



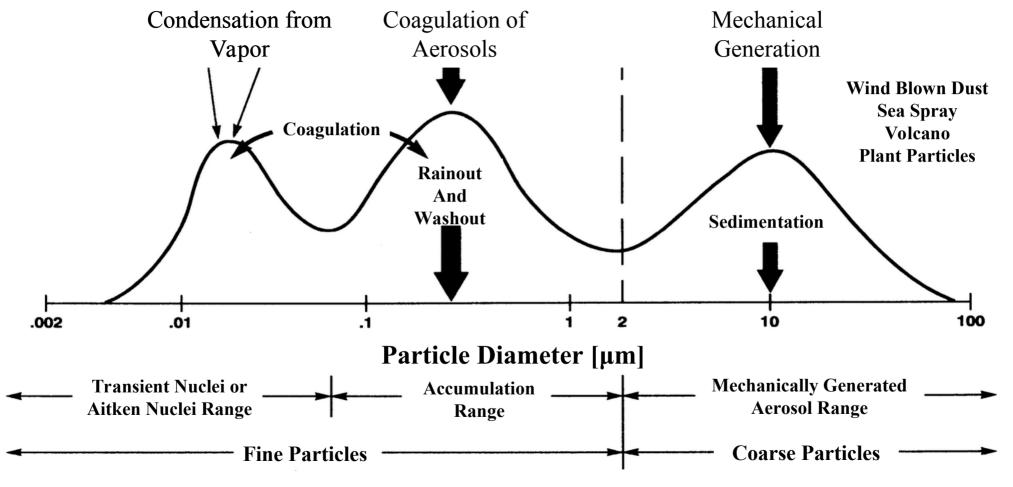
Distribution of Double Ratios from Area-wide, Seasonal Precipitation Averages for McKenzie/Wibaux

# Glaciogenic (Silver Iodine) Cloud Seeding

- Effectiveness is often measured by "threshold temperature".
- Threshold temperature is when 1 in 10,000 produce an ice crystal.
- Different substances have different threshold temperatures ranging from about -5 to -40 °C.
- Sliver Iodine (AgI) threshold temperature is -5 °C.



# **Hygroscopic Cloud Seeding**



• Few number of large sized atmospheric particles.

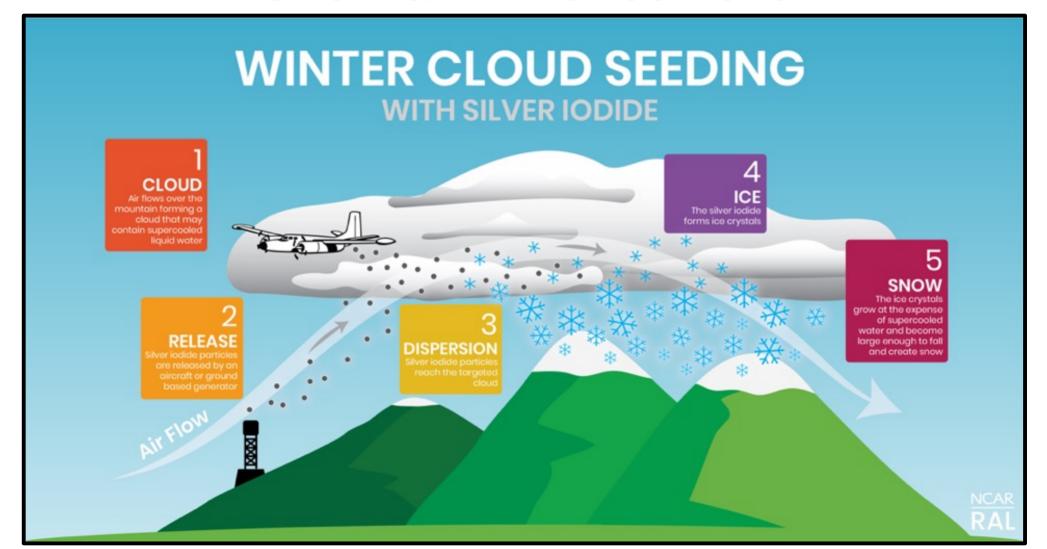
# Precipitation Augmentation

- Enhancing the cold rain process through addition of ice particles.
- Enhancing the warm rain process by addition of giant Cloud Condensation Nuclei (CCN).
- Increasing the cloud depth by release of latent heat of fusion.
- Promoting the merger of small clouds into larger clouds through release of latent heat of fusion.

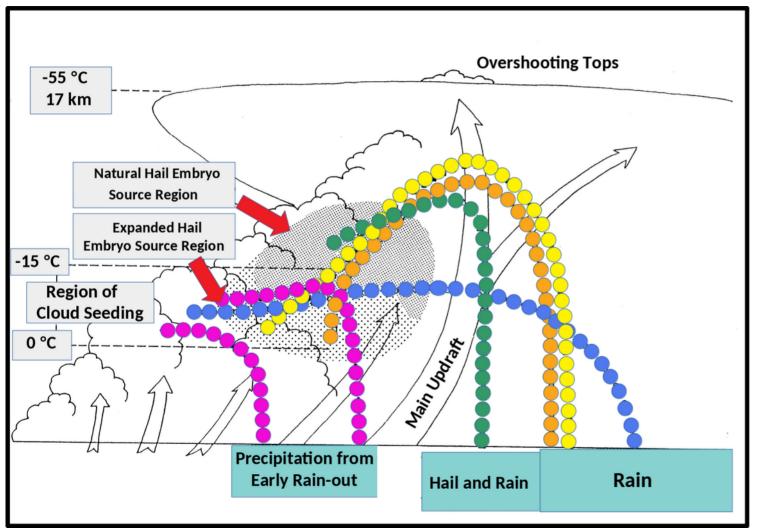




## **Snowfall Enhancement**



## **Hail Suppression Conceptual Models**

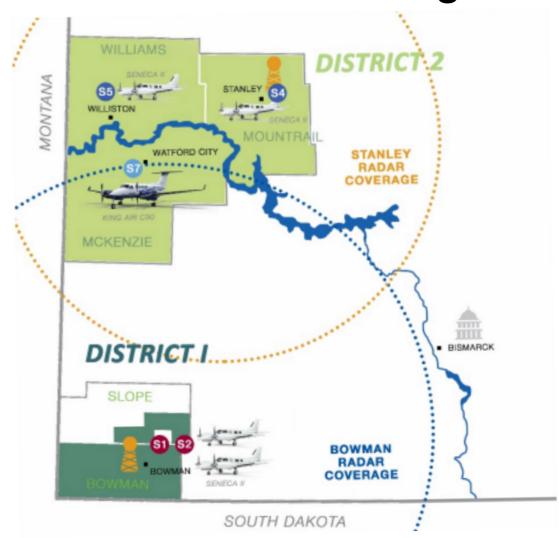


- Natural Hail Trajectory
- Beneficial Competition
- EarlyRain-out
- TrajectoryLowering
- Promotion of Coalescence

## **Current North Dakota Cloud Modification Program**

• Program started in 1977.





# **Weather Modification Operational Program**

